

The fourth annual SVC tour around Cambodia, primarily visiting WCS project sites, was the most successful to date. Much of the credit goes to the continued maturation of community conservation committees and local guides at their respective sites. The high number of recorded species was due to a good diversity of visited habitats and the exceptional quality of the participants, including four with world lists over 5800 species seen, as well as a renowned expert in tropical raptors.

The first day of the tour is a visit to Ankor. Excessive landscaping and a growing human presence seem to be making it more difficult to find birds there. I would suggest making that an optional day for future trips, as the level of interest varies widely between participants.

Prek Toal lived up to expectations, with clear knowledge of where to find the target rarities, greater adjutant and milky stork. Eliminating the need to sign in at Prek Toal makes the trip much less exhausting.

ATT gave us good looks at the Sarus crane, but not without some dedicated searching by one of the local rangers, who located a flock of 62, more than 10 km east of the reserve. Eld's deer were on view, including a stately male. Multiple flocks of white-shouldered starlings were a good addition.

We left Siem Reap for Tmatboey and the well run lodge there. Yinsari (sic) again proved to be a top guide, knowing the locations for both ibis, 2 species of wood-owl, brown fish owl, white-rumped pygmy falcon and pale-capped pigeon. Having 3 nights there, allowed ample time to collect these targets.

Okoki was cut short this year with only one night in camp. We arrived rather late in the afternoon and were met by the village guides from Dang Phlat. After conferring with them, we chose to drive/hike to a roost site for white-winged duck. The guides had found the birds roosting tree and we heard the birds fly along the river and then land right above our head. The problem was seeing the birds. They arrived late, and as darkness descended and being obscured by foliage, we failed to see the birds.

Credit goes to the local committee for tracking this difficult species, but the local guide has a poor sense of time and distance required to reach the site. He also failed to appreciate the size of road needed for a 4WD vehicle to pass, hence the need for a long, rapid hike to the river. So the logistics for this site need work, but the duck is there.

Fortunately, we had luck on our side. The following morning we had a pair circle the first pond at camp calling us to attention and watching the ducks land no more than 25 meters in front of us. We watched the birds feeding for an hour, before they flew off. An added bonus was a feeding male pileated gibbon that became curious and swung over us, checking us out before swinging away.

Prior to the ducks, we had entered the pond trail at 4:30 am to relocate Blyth's frogmouth that Brian Gee and Fay had discovered the previous evening. We were able to romance a bird into close view using recorded vocalizations. Unfortunately, there was no sign or sound of oriental bay owl, a species often encountered at Okoki.

We transferred to the vulture restaurant at Veal Krous where we were met by a number of the village support crew and guides. I was pleased to see safari tents in place, as well as a shower and toilet tent.

This is a significant improvement over previous years' accommodations. A dining table added to our comfort.

We had a bit of time in the afternoon of our arrival, which was spent on the dike leading out toward the vulture restaurant and the forest beyond. If this is to be the future tourist site for the vultures, it would be good to plan out a woodlands trail to explore the area a bit more effectively.

The following morning, we entered the hides before dawn and were treated to the ravaging of the sacrificed cow by a total of 72 birds of the 3 critically endangered vulture species.

We then had the long drive over Cambodia's continually improving roads to Kompong Thom. We visited the rice cultivation beyond Wat Rolous. Most of the grass land there has been converted, but there are areas of water for waders and the elevated dike allowed good visibility to study the differences between the marsh and pied harriers. I was unable to locate any decent reed beds, making the search for Manchurian reed warbler problematic. Next year, a few days of searching the grasslands for MRW habitat prior to the tourist season is needed as most of the known reed beds have been converted to rice paddy.

Seima Protected Forest was next on the itinerary. An evening arrival allowed enough time to seek out the trail to O Pam. Over the years, this trail has provided sightings of a variety of excellent birds, including Germain's peacock-pheasant and orange-necked partridge. As we entered the bamboo covered start of the trail we discovered the feather remains of a peacock-pheasant. We were disappointed to find this indication of poaching in the area, as it suggested that our work would be more difficult.

We did succeed in luring one key species, pale-headed woodpecker. However, no one got proper looks of the bird, as this species is notorious for giving fleeting glimpses, due to its failing to remain perched for more than a second or two at a time. We did enjoy a good showing of great slaty woodpeckers, and immediately followed the huge with the diminutive, as we then discovered a white-browed piculet.

The following morning the group arrived at peafowl green to find it smoldering from a recent fire. A heavy haze of smoke irritated throats and dampened expectations. Spirits lifted with the brightening sky and the calls of peafowl from three locations surrounding the clearing. A perched bird was discovered, giving scope views from a distance. We were hoping for more and got it when a male was seen on the ground much nearer. It tolerated an even closer approach allowing an appreciation of the bird's metallic beauty.

We continued to the trail at Km 164 to resume the hunt for Germain's. The entrance to the trail was very active and we lingered to enjoy a variety of species including 8 dusky broadbills. Along the trail, an active nest of grey-faced tit-babblers was found, but with no vocalizing peacock-pheasants, we failed to encounter this target.

Having received recent information on calling ON partridge, I shared this with the group. During the previous week, partridge had been heard calling on three consecutive days behind camp. Three

members decided to search for the partridge, while the rest of us headed to the quarry and trail at Km 159, another site for Germain's. Again no luck, but we were consoled with sightings of Red-vented barbet, a large flock of thick-billed green pigeons and great hornbills. En route to camp we watched a troop of black-shanked douc langur. The partridge hunt turned up empty as well.

Much of the trip, for this group, was listing driven and the nearby highlands of Dakdam provided the possibility of more new species for the participants. A decision was made to alter the planned itinerary and spend the day at Dakdam. It was a good decision, as the birds stayed active well into the heat of the day, unlike the lowlands at Seima. We started the morning at the site of a previous sighting of black-headed parrotbill. The area was flush with activity, including black eagle, pin-tailed green pigeon, speckled piculet, rufous-capped babbler, white-cheeked laughingthrush, silver-eared mesia, black-browed fulvetta, crimson and black-throated sunbirds.

No parrotbills though, so we explored the area and found an active wooded ravine that included a nesting pair of maroon orioles and white-tailed leaf warbler. We returned to our first site for the evening and found it slow, except for Rene, the Belgian biologist with a tendency to wander off on his own. He climbed down into the river bottom and found all the birds, parrotbills included, along with Indochinese green magpie and a tantalizing report of a possible white-tailed flycatcher.

Meanwhile we were fretting over Rene's absence, as darkness was falling. Clients became agitated and were suggesting calling the police or involving the military patrols at the border with Vietnam nearby. Fortunately, Rene came bounding up the path enthusing over his successes.

We were all happy to have Rene back, but there was disappointment in the rest of us, having missed the parrotbill, lending a sullen mood to the evening. To their credit, 3 members of the group, following fresh information, went out into the bamboo at Seima and tracked down a pygmy loris later that evening, thus ending their day on a victorious note.

Again using current information given by an SVC guide we returned to Km 159 in the morning, parking at the entrance to the trail to wait in the car. We were rewarded with 2 males and a female Germain's peacock-pheasant, one of our priority targets. We then returned to the bamboo behind camp for another go at the partridge. Alas, it failed to even call, keeping this as one of Cambodia's most elusive species. We did get another go at the pale-headed woodpecker with some of us getting good views.

We departed for Kratie after breakfast and spent the evening in rice paddies and wetlands, succeeding in finding Asian golden weaver among the 3 species of weavers feeding in the rice. Our final morning had us doing the pilgrimage to Kampi and the dolphin pools on the Mekong. Both our targets were found, with a pair of Mekong wagtails posing nicely and Irrawaddy dolphins feeding at their accustomed site.

We had a 5 hour drive to return to Siem Reap and a request was made to stop enroute for a bit more birding. I agreed to extend the planned itinerary and we spent the evening at Wat Prahout, an area that had previously held Manchurian reed warbler. The reed beds had been severely reduced and while not finding the warbler, we were treated to a variety of good birds, including a displaying Bengal florican,

sarus cranes, chestnut-eared bunting, small buttonquail and a final life bird for some participants, blue-breasted quail.

Due to the skills, experience, and persistence of this group, we recorded 333 species of bird, 7 species of primate and 3 species of deer, making this the most successful Supertour to date.

SVC tours led by Howie Nielsen, 2011

The supertour was followed one week later with a second trip co-led by Sophoan Sanh and the itinerary was near identical. The following is the combined species list and notes on the two trips.

The itinerary included Ang Trapeang Thmor, Prek Toal bird reserve (Platform 2 accessed from Prek Konteil on Tonle Sap), the northern plains of Preah vihear (Tmatboey, Okoki, Veal Krous vulture restaurant), Tonle Sap grasslands (at Wat Prahout, Prolay, and Krous Krom), the Mekong river islands at Kampi, Kratie wetlands, Seima Protected Forest and Dak Dam area woodlands, the last 2 in Monduliri province.

Birds listed depend on the accuracy of participants, which included a number of highly competent individuals. The supertour included 4 people with world lists in excess of 5800 species and a world renowned raptor specialist, Jean-Marc Thiollay. The second trip was for the contributing founders of the Handbook of the Birds of the World, Lynx Editions. Any questionable records will be commented upon.

SPECIES LIST

- 1 Chinese francolin, *Francolinus pintadeanus*; frequently heard, 2 seen Dak Dam
- 2 Blue-breasted quail, *Coturnix chinensis*; 3 flushed at Wat Prahout
- 3 Scaly-breasted partridge, *Arborophila chloropus*; heard Okoki
- 4 Bar-backed partridge, *Arborophila brunneopectus*, this identification is based on one calling bird at Dak Dam. This must be considered tentative, as only one participant claimed familiarity with the vocalizations. To the author, it did not sound like the familiar *A. chloropus*.
- 5 Red junglefowl, *Gallus gallus*, 6 seen Tmatboey, 3 seen Seima, heard Okoki and Dak Dam
- 6 Germain's peacock-pheasant, *Polyplectron germaini*, seen on first trip to Seima, heard only on second.
- 7 Green peafowl, *Pavo muticus*; 1 male, 2 females Seima, heard at Tmatboey and Okoki
- 8 Lesser whistling duck, *Dendrocygna javanica*; 1000 ATT, 200 Kratie
- 9 White-winged duck, *Cairina scutulata*, 2-16, a pair came to roost at dusk at Tonle Lepeau; 2-17, a pair landed at 1st pond at Okoki, 3-8, pair flew over, calling east of Tonle Lepeau.
- 10 Comb duck, *Sarkidiornis melanotos*, 3-2, ATT ~20
- 11 Cotton pygmy goose, *Nettapus coromandelianus*, Ankor wat, 20, ATT, 50,
- 12 Eurasian widgeon, *Anas Penelope*, 5 ATT, 2-12
- 13 Indian spot-billed duck, *Anas poecilorhyncha*, 2 ATT, 2-12, few seen at each grassland site, 3, Prek Toal, 2-11
- 14 Northern pintail, *Anas acuta*, 160, ATT, 2-12, 4, ATT, 3-2

- 15 Garganey, *Anas querquedula*, 5000 est. ATT, 2-12, 1000est. ATT, 3-2
- 16 Common teal, *Anas crecca*, 500est. ATT 2-12
- 17 Little grebe, *Tachybaptus ruficollis*, 15 Ankor Wat, 2-11; 10 Prek Toal, 2-11; 12 Kratie 2-22, 50, 3-10
- 18 Milky stork, *Mycteria cinerea*, 3, Prek Toal, 2-11; 4, PT, 3-3
- 19 Painted stork, *Mycteria leucocephala*, 100's Prek Toal, 2-11 & 3-3; 20 ATT, 2-12; 20 Wat Prahout 2-23, 75, 3-9
- 20 Asian openbill, *Anastomus oscitans*, 100s Prek Toal, 2-11, 3-3
- 21 Woolly-necked stork, *Ciconia episcopus*, 2, 2-14, 3, 2-15, 3, 3-10, 6, 3-11 Tmatboey; 2, 2-22, 2, 3-12, Seima ; 3 Okoki 3-6; 3 Veal Krous 3-7
- 22 Lesser adjutant, *Leptoptilos javanicus*, 3, 2-11, 12, 3-3 Prek toal, 5, 2-14, Tmatboey, 3, 2-17 Okoki
- 23 Greater adjutant , *Leptoptilus dubius*, 7, 2-11, 3, 3-3 Prek Toal
- 24 Black-headed ibis, *Threskiornis melanocephalus*, 6, 3-3 Prek Toal
- 25 White-shouldered ibis, *Pseudibis davisoni*, 6, 2-14,8, 3-5 Tmatboey
- 26 Giant ibis, *Pseudibis gigantea*, 6, 2-14, 8, 3-6, Tmatboey; heard Okoki 2-17
- 27 Little egret, *Egretta garzetta*, seen throughout
- 28 Grey heron, *Ardea cinerea*, all wetlands with a max of 20+ at Tonle Sap 3-3
- 29 Purple heron, *A. purpurea*, most wetlands, with a max of 8 at Tonle Sap 2-11
- 30 Great egret, *Casmerodius albus*, common
- 31 Intermediate egret, *Mesophoyx intermedia*, common
- 32 Cattle egret, *Bulbulcus ibis*, abundant
- 33 Chinese pond heron, *Ardeola bacchus*, abundant
- 34 Little heron, *Butorides striatus*, 5, 2-11 Prek Toal
- 35 Black-crowned night heron, *Nycticorax nycticorax*, common at Prek Toal 2-11
- 36 Yellow bittern, *Ixobrychus sinensis*, 20, 2-11, 12, 3-3 Prek Toal; 4, 3-9 Krous Krom
- 37 Cinnamon bittern, *Ixobrychus cinnamomeus*, Prek Toal and grasslands with a max of 3 at Krous Krom
- 38 Black bittern, *Dupetor flavicollis*, 3 Prek Toal 2-11; Kratie1, 2-22, 1 3-12
- 39 Spot-billed pelican, *Pelicanus philippensis*, Prek Toal 80 2-11, 100+ 3-3; ATT 25 2-12, 10 3-2
- 40 Little cormorant, *Phalacrocorax niger*, Prek toal 50, 2-11, 100+ 3-3; Kampi 1000+, 2-23, 3-13
- 41 Indian cormorant, *P. fuscicollis*, Prek toal 500+, 2-11, 3-3; Veal Krous
- 42 Great cormorant, *P. carbo*, 25, 2-11 Prek Toal, 4, 2-12 ATT
- 43 Oriental darter, *Anhinga melanogaster*, 1, 2-10 Ankor Wat; 100s, 2-11 Prek Toal; 3, 2-12 ATT
- 44 White-rumped pygmy-falcon, *Poliohierax insignis*, 2, 2-16, Tmatboey
- 45 Collared falconet, *Microhierax caerulescens*, 2, 2-15 Tmat boey; 1, 2-18 Veal Krous; 2, 2-20 Seima
- 46 Oriental hobby, *Falco severus*, 1, 2-20, Seima
- 47 Peregrine falcon, *Falco peregrinus*, 1, 2-11 Prek Toal; 1, 2-12 ATT
- 48 Osprey, *Pandion haliaetus*, 1, 2-11 Prek Toal; 2, 2-12 ATT; 1, 2-23 Kampi
- 49 Jerdon's baza, *Aviceda jerdoni*, 1, 2-20, 2, 2-22 Seima; pair, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 50 Black baza, *Aviceda leuphotes*, 5, 2-10 Ankor; 2, 2-20, 4, 2-22 Seima

- 51 Oriental honey-buzzard, *Pernis ptilorhyncus*, 4, 2-20, 8, 2-22 Seima; 2, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 52 Black-shouldered kite, *Elanus caeruleus*, common ATT and grasslands
- 53 Black kite, *Milvus migrans*, 10, 2-12 ATT
- 54 Brahminy kite, *Haliastur indus*, 1, 2-11 Prek Toal; 2, 2-18 Veal Krous
- 55 Grey-headed fish eagle, *Ichthyophaga ichthyaetus*, 4, 2-11 Prek Toal; 1, 2-18 Veal Krous; 1, 2-19 Seima
- 56 White-rumped vulture, *Gyps bengalensis*, 59, 2-18 Veal Krous
- 57 Slender-billed vulture, *Gyps tenuirostris*, 11, 2-18 Veal Krous
- 58 Red-headed vulture, *Sarcogyps calvus*, 3, 2-17, 2, 2-18 Veal Krous
- 59 Crested serpent eagle, *Spilornis cheela*, common northern plains and Seima
- 60 Eastern marsh harrier, *Circus spilonotus*, 12, 2-12 ATT; 7, 2-19 Krous Krom, 1, 2-23 Wat Prahout
- 61 Hen harrier, *C. cyaneus*, 1, 2-12 ATT
- 62 Pied harrier, *C. melanoleucos*, 2, 2-12 ATT; 6, 2-18, Krous krom
- 63 Crested goshawk, *Accipiter trivirgatus*, 1, 2-16, Tmatboey, 2, 2-12 Dak Dam, 5, 2-22 Seima
- 64 Shikra, *A. badius*, common
- 65 Chinese goshawk, *A. soloensis*, group of 6, 2-10 Ankor wat
- 66 Besra, *A. virgatus*, 1, 2-20, 3, 2-22 Seima; 2, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 67 Rufous-winged buzzard, *Butastur liventer*, common on northern plains
- 68 Grey-faced buzzard, *B. indicus*, 2, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 69 Himalayan buzzard, *Buteo burmanicus*, 1, 2-22, Seima
- 70 Greater spotted eagle, *Aquila clanga*, 1, 2-12 ATT
- 71 Rufous-bellied eagle, *Lophotriorchis kienerii*, pair, 2-20 Seima
- 72 Black eagle, *Ictinaetus malayensis*, 2, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 73 Mountain hawk-eagle, *Nisaetus nipalensis*, 1, 2-22 Seima
- 74 Changeable hawk-eagle, *Nisaetus cirrhatus*, 2, 2-14, juv, 2-15, 1, 2-16 Tmatboey; 3, 2-20 Seima; 1, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 75 Bengal florican, *Houbaropsis bengalensis*, 2, 2-13 Stoung; 1, 2-23 Wat Prahout
- 76 White-breasted waterhen, *Amaurornis phoenicurus*, 2, 2-17 Okoki, poss juv. 2-19 Krous krom
- 77 Ruddy-breasted crake, *Porzana fusca*, commonly heard 2-11 Prek Toal; 3, 2-12 ATT; voice, 2-22 Kratie
- 78 White-browed crake, *Porzana cinerea*, 4, 2-12 ATT
- 79 Watercock, *Gallicrex cinerea*, 1, 2-12 ATT
- 80 Black-backed swamphen, *Porphyrio indicus*, 12, 2-11 Prek Toal; 30, 2-12 ATT
- 81 Common moorhen, *Gallinula chloropus*, 2, 2-11 Prek Toal; 6, 2-12 ATT
- 82 Sarus crane, *Grus antigone*, 62, 2-12 ATT; 4, 2-13 Stoung; 7, 2-23 Wat Prahout
- 83 Small buttonquail, *Turnix sylvatica*, 2, 2-23 Wat Prahout
- 84 Barred buttonquail, *T. suscitator*, 1, 2-12 ATT; 1, 2-13 Stoung
- 85 Pacific golden plover, *Pluvialis fulva*, 3, 2-12 ATT, 4, 2-19 Veal Krous
- 86 Black-winged stilt, *Himantopus himantopus*, 2, 2-18 Krous Krom
- 87 Grey-headed lapwing, *Vanellus cinereus*, 2, 2-22 Kratie

- 88 Red-wattled lapwing, *V. indicus*, 2, 2-12 ATT; 4, 2-14 Tmatboey, daily on northern plains
- 89 Little ringed plover, *Charadrius dubius*, 4, 2-12 ATT; 4, 2-18 Krous Krom, 4, 2-23 Kampi
- 90 Kentish plover, *C. alexandrinus*,
- 91 Pheasant-tailed jacana, *Hydrophasianus chirurgus*, 60, 2-12 ATT, 1, 2-22 Kratie
- 92 Bronze-winged jacana, *Metopidius indicus*
- 93 Pin-tailed snipe, *Gallinago stenura*, 2, 2-18 Krous Krom; 3, 2-22 Kratie
- 94 Common snipe, 3, 2-12 ATT; 1, 2-19 Krous Krom, 3, 2-21 Kratie
- 95 Spotted redshank, *Tringa erythropus*, 50, 2-12 ATT; 150, 2-18 Krous Krom
- 96 Common redshank, *T. tetanus*, voice, 2-18 Krous Krom; 1, 2-23 Wat Prahout
- 97 Marsh sandpiper, *T. stagnatilis*, 4, 2-18 Krous Krom
- 98 Common greenshank, *T. nebularia*, 3, 2-12 ATT; 10, 2-18 Krous Krom;
- 99 Green sandpiper, *T. ochropus*, 1, 2-22 Kratie
- 100 Wood sandpiper, *T. glareola*, 1, 2-12, ATT; 20, 2-19 Krous Krom; 1, 2-23 wat Prahout
- 101 Long-toed stint, *Calidris subminuta*, 4, 2-12 ATT, 4, 2-18 Krous Krom
- 102 Temminck's stint, *C. temminckii*, 1, 2-12 ATT
- 103 Ruff, *Philomachus pugnax*, 2, 3- Siem Reap
- 104 Oriental pratincole, *Glareola maldivarium*, 15, 2-12 ATT; 5, 2-18 Krous Krom
- 105 Small Pratincole, *G. lactea*, 5, 2-22 Kratie; 7, 2-23 Kampi
- 106 Gull-billed tern, *Gelochelidon nilotica*, 2, 2-11 Tonle Sap
- 107 Whiskered tern, *Chlidonias hybridus*, 100's on Tonle Sap
- 108 Brown-headed gull, *Larus brunnicephalus*, 4, 2-11 Tonle Sap
- 109 Black-headed gull, *Larus ridibundus*, 2, 2-11 Tonle Sap
- 110 Rock pigeon, *Columba livia*, common around human habitation
- 111 Pale-capped pigeon, *C. punicea*, 2, 2-15 Tmatboey
- 112 Oriental turtle dove, *Streptopelia orientalis*, 3, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 113 Spotted dove, *S. chinensis*, common and widespread
- 114 Red collared dove, *S. tranquebarica*, common ATT and northern plains
- 115 Barred cuckoo dove, *Macropygia unchall*, 3, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 116 Emerald dove, *Chalcophaps indica*, 2, 2-20 Seima
- 117 Zebra dove, *Geopelia striata*, 10, 2-12 ATT, 1, 1-16 Tmatboey
- 118 Orange-breasted green pigeon, *Treron bicincta*, 12, 2-14 Tmatboey, 4, 2-18 Veal Krous
- 119 Thick-billed green pigeon, *T. curvirostra*, 70, 2-20 Seima; 5, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 120 Yellow-footed green pigeon, *T. phoenicoptera*, 35, 2-14 tmatboey
- 121 Pin-tailed green pigeon, *T. apicauda*, 15, 2-21, Dak Dam
- 122 Green imperial pigeon, *Ducula aenea*, up to 8 daily at Tmatboey and Okoki
- 123 Mountain imperial pigeon, *D. badia*, 5, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 124 Vernal hanging parrot, *Loriculus vernalis*, common Tmatboey, Okoki, Seima, Dak Dam
- 125 Alexandrine parakeet, *Psittacula eupatria*, 3, 2-10 Ankor; up to 3 daily Tmatboey; 3, 2-20 Seima
- 126 Blossom-headed parakeet, *P. roseate*, 4+ v 2-14, 30, 2-15 Tmatboey
- 127 Red-breasted parakeet, *P. alexandri*, 30, 2-10 Ankor; common in forested areas with a max of 55 at Seima 2-20

- 128 Large hawk cuckoo, *Hierococcyx sparverioides*, 1, 2-15 Tmatboey
- 129 Indian cuckoo, *Cuculus microterus*, 3, 2-14 Tmatboey; voice, 2-18 Veal Krous
- 130 Himalayan cuckoo, *C. saturatus*, 1 probable 2-12 ATT
- 131 Banded bay cuckoo, *Cacomantis sonneratii*, 1, 2-14&16 Tmatboey; voice Okoki, Seima
- 132 Plaintive cuckoo, *C. merulinus*, 1, 2-11 Prek Toal; 3, 2-12 ATT; 1, 2-19 Krous Krom, 2, 2-22 Kratie
- 133 Drongo cuckoo, *Surniculus lugubris*, 1, 2-16 Okoki
- 134 Asian Koel, *Eudynamys scolopacea*, widespread
- 135 Green-billed malkoha, *Phaenicophaeus tristis*, widespread
- 136 Coral-billed ground cuckoo, 1 bird vocalizing for 45 min, 3-6 Trapeang Rolom Kroupeir, north of Okoki
- 137 Greater coucal, *Centropus sinensis*, common & widespread
- 138 Lesser coucal, *C. bengalensis*, 1+ voice, 3-10 Kratie, voice Tonle Sap
- 139 Oriental scops owl, *Otus sunia*, voice, 2-14&15 Tmatboey, 2-17, Krous Krom
- 140 Collared scops owl, *O. bakkamoena*, 1, 3-6 Tmatboey, voice, 2-17 Okoki
- 141 Brown fish owl, *Ketupa zeylonensis*, 1, 2-14 Tmatboey
- 142 Spotted wood owl, *Strix seloputo*, 2, 2-14 Tmatboey
- 143 Brown wood owl, *S. leptogrammica*, 1, 2-15 Tmatboey
- 144 Asian barred owlet, *Glaucidium cuculoides*, 2, 2-10 Ankor; commonly heard Tmatboey, Okoki, Seima
- 145 Spotted owlet, *Athene brama*, 2, 3-2 ATT
- 146 Brown hawk owl, *Ninox scutulata*, 1, 3-13, Seima; voice Ankor, Tmatboey, Okoki
- 147 Blyth's frogmouth, *Batrachostomus affinis*, pair, 2-17 Okoki
- 148 Great eared nightjar, *Eurostopus macrotis*, voice, 2-16 Okoki
- 149 Large-tailed nightjar, *Caprimulgus macrurus*, common Tmatboey, Okoki, Seima, Veal Krous
- 150 Indian nightjar, *C. asiaticus*, voice, 3-7, Veal Krous
- 151 Savanna nightjar, *C.* 3, 2-17, 3-7 Veal Krous
- 152 Germain's swiftlet, *Aerodramus germani*, 2, 2-10 Ankor, 1, 2-11 Prek Toal, 1, 2-12 ATT
- 153 Silver-backed needletail, *Hirundapus cochinchinensis*, 2, 3-7 Veal Krous
- 154 Brown-backed needletail, *H. giganteus*, 3, 3-7 Veal Krous
- 155 Asian palm swift, *Cypsiurus balasiensis*, widespread
- 156 Fork-tailed swift, *Apus pacificus*, 2, 3-9, Prolay
- 157 House swift, *Apus affinis*, 3, 3-12 Seima
- 158 Crested treeswift, *Hemiprocne coronata*, common at Tmatboey, Okoki, Veal Krous, Seima
- 159 Orange-breasted trogon, *Harpactes oreskios*, 1, 2-16 Tmatboey, voice Okoki, Seima
- 160 Red-headed trogon, *H. erythrocephalus*, 2, 3-14 Dak Dam
- 161 Indian roller, *Coracias benghalensis*, widespread
- 162 Dollarbird, *Eurystomus orientalis*, 4, 2-20; 2 2-22 Seima
- 163 Common kingfisher, *Alcedo atthis*, widespread with max of 6 at Prek Toal, 2-12
- 164 Banded kingfisher, *Lacedo pulchella*, 1, 2-22 Seima, 1, 3-6 Okoki
- 165 Stork-billed kingfisher, *Halcyon capensis*, 2, 2-16 Krous Krom
- 166 White-throated kingfisher, *Halcyon smyrnensis*, widespread

- 167 Black-capped kingfisher, *Halcyon pileata*, 2, 2-10 Ankor, 2, 2-11 Prek toal, 1, 2-12 ATT
- 168 Pied kingfisher, *Ceryle rudis*, 1, 2-11 Prek Toal, 10, 2-12 ATT
- 169 Blue-bearded bee-eater, *Nyctornis athertoni*, voice, 2-16 Tmatboey, 2-17 Okoki
- 170 Green bee-eater, *Merops orientalis*, widespread on N plains and Seima, 6 at Dak Dam
- 171 Blue-tailed bee-eater, *M. philippinus*, widespread near water and on grasslands
- 172 Chestnut-headed bee-eater, *M. leschenaulti*, 2, 2-14 Tmatboey; 3, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 173 Common hoopoe, *Upupa epops*, Tmatboey, Okoki, Dak Dam
- 174 Oriental pied hornbill, *Anthracoceros albirostris*, up to 6 daily Tmatboey; 5 Seima
- 175 Great hornbill, *Buceros bicornis*, 5, 2-20 Seima
- 176 Red-vented barbet, *Megalaima lagrandieri*, 2, 2-20 Seima
- 177 Lineated barbet, *M. lineata*, widespread
- 178 Green-eared barbet, *M. faiostriata*, 1, 2-17 Okoki; voice 2-19 & 20 Seima
- 179 Annam barbet, *M. annamensis*, 4+, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 180 Blue-eared barbet, *M. australis*, 3, 2-20 Seima
- 181 Coppersmith barbet, *M. haemacephala*, 1+, 2-10 Ankor; 1+, 2-14 Tmatboey; 1, 2-20 Seima
- 182 Eurasian wryneck, *Jynx torquilla*, 1, 3-2 ATT
- 183 White-browed piculet, *Sasia ochracea*, 1, 2-19, 2-20 Seima
- 184 Speckled piculet, *Picumnus innominatus*, 2, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 185 Grey-crowned woodpecker, *Dendrocopos canellipes*, 2, 2-15 Tmatboey; 2, 2-18 Veal Krous
- 186 Spot-breasted woodpecker, *D. analis*, 1, 3-5 Tmatboey
- 187 Yellow-crowned woodpecker, *D. mahrattensis*, 1, 3-5 Tmatboey
- 188 Rufous-bellied woodpecker, *D. hyperythrus*, 1, 2-17 Veal Krous
- 189 Rufous woodpecker, *Ceolus brachyurus*, 1, 2-11 Prek Toal; 3, 2-15 Tmatboey
- 190 White-bellied woodpecker, *Dryocopus javensis*, 1, 2-15, 2, 2-16 Tmatboey, voice, 2-17 Okoki
- 191 Lesser yellownape, *Picus chlorolophus*,
- 192 Greater yellownape, *P. flavinucha*, 1, 2-20 Seima, voice Tmatboey, Dak Dam
- 193 Laced woodpecker, *P. vittatus*, 1, 2-19 Seima, voice Okoki
- 194 Streak-throated woodpecker, *P. xanthopygaeus*, 1, 2-18 Veal Krous
- 195 Black-headed woodpecker, *P. erythropygius*, max of 20, 2-16 Tmatboey: voice Veal Krous
- 196 Grey-headed woodpecker, *P. canus*,
- 197 Common flameback, *Dynopium javanense*, 2, 2-16 Tmatboey; 2, 2-20 Seima
- 198 Greater flameback, *Chrysocolaptes lucidus*, 1, 2-15 Tmatboey; voice, Seima
- 199 Pale-headed woodpecker, *Gecinulus grantia*, 1, 2-19, 2, 2-20, 1, 2-22 Seima
- 200 Bay woodpecker, *Blythipicus pyrrhotis*, 1, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 201 Heart-spotted woodpecker, *Hemicircus canente*
- 202 Great slaty woodpecker, *Mulleripicus pulverulentis*, 4, 2-15 Tmatboey; 4, 2-19, 3, 2-20 Seima
- 203 Black and red broadbill, *Cymbirhynchus macrorhynchus*, 1, 3-8 Okoki
- 204 Banded broadbill, *Eurylaimus javanicus*, 2, 2-17 Okoki
- 205 Dusky broadbill, *Corydon sumatranus*, 9, 2-20 Seima
- 206 Blue pitta, *Pitta cyanea*, voice, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 207 Bar-bellied pitta, *P. elliotii*, voice, 2-17 Okoki

- 208 White-bellied erpornis, *Erpornis zantholeuca*, 6, 2-17 Okoki; 12, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 209 Large cuckooshrike, *Coracina macei*, up to 4 daily, Tmatboey, Okoki, Seima, Dak Dam
- 210 Indochinese cuckooshrike, *C. polioptera*, 4, 2-15 Tmatboey, voice Veal Krous
- 211 Black-winged cuckooshrike, *C. melaschistos*, 2, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 212 Swinhoe's minivet, *Pericrocotus cantonensis*, 2, 2-15 Tmatboey; 2, 2-17 Okoki
- 213 Ashy minivet, *P. divaricatus*, 2, 2-10 Ankor; 1, 2-16 Tmatboey
- 214 Small minivet, *P. cinnamomeus*, common Tmatboey, Okoki, Veal Krous
- 215 Scarlet minivet, *P. flammeus*, common Tmatboey, Okoki, Veal Krous, Seima, Dak Dam
- 216 Black-naped oriole, *Oriolus chinensis*, 8, 2-10 Ankor; 3, 2-15 Tmatboey; 2, 2-20 Seima; 2, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 217 Black-hooded oriole, *O. common* & widespread
- 218 Maroon oriole, *O. trailii*, pair nesting, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 219 Ashy woodswallow, *Artamus fuscus*, 2, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 220 Large woodshrike, *Tephrodornis gularis*, 1, 2-14 Tmatboey; 1, 1, 2-17 Veal Krous; 3, 2-20 Seima; 2, 2-21 dak dam
- 221 Common woodshrike, *T. pondicerianus*, common Tmatboey, Veal Krous; 1, 2-20 Seiam
- 222 Bar-winged flycatcher-shrike, *Hemipus picatus*, 2, 2-15 Tmatboey; 1, 2-19 Seima; 2, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 223 Common lora, *Aegithina tiphia*, common & widespread
- 224 Great lora, *A. lefresnayei*, singles at Tmatboey, Okoki, Seima, Dak Dam
- 225 White-browed fantail, *Rhipidura aureola*, 4, 3-5 Tmatboey
- 226 White-throated fantail, *R. albicollis*, 5, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 227 Pied fantail, *R. javanica*, 2, 2-11 Prek Toal; 6, 2-12 ATT; 2, 2-22 Kratie
- 228 Black drongo, *Dicrurus macrocercus*, widespread & common in open country
- 229 Ashy drongo, *D. leucophaeus*, widespread in woodlands
- 230 Bronzed drongo, *D. aeneus*, 2, 2-19 Seima; 1, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 231 Lesser racket-tailed drongo, *D. remifer*, 3, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 232 Hair-crested drongo, *D. hottentottus*, common in wooded areas
- 233 Greater racket-tailed drongo, *D. paradiseus*, 2, 2-10 Ankor; 4, 2-15 Tmatboey; voice Okoki
- 234 Black-naped monarch, *Hypothymis azurea*, common with a max of 5 on 2-10 Ankor
- 235 Red-billed blue magpie, *Urocissa erythrorhyncha*, up to 4 seen daily, Tmatboey
- 236 Indochinese green magpie, *Cissa hypoleuca*, 1, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 237 Rufous treepie, *Dendrocitta vagabunda*, 4, 2-12 ATT; 1, 2-15 Tmatboey
- 238 Racket-tailed treepie, *Crypsirina temia*, 2, 2-11 Prek Toal; 1, 2-12 ATT; 6, 2-14, 4, 2-15 Tmatboey; 2, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 239 Southern jungle crow, *Corvus macrorhynchus*, widespread except Mondulkiri
- 240 Brown Shrike, *Lanius cristatus*, widespread
- 241 Burmese shrike, *Lanius colluroides*, 1, 2-14 & 2-16 Tmatboey; 6, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 242 Long-tailed shrike, *L. schach*, 1, 2-18 Krous Krom
- 243 Brown-throated sunbird, *Anthrepetes malacensis*, 1, 2-10 Ankor, 1, 2-11 Prek Toal
- 244 Ruby-cheeked sunbird, *Anthrepetes singalensis*, pair, 2-16 Tmatboey, 1, 2-17 Okoki
- 245 Van Hasselt's sunbird, *Leptocoma brasiliiana*, 4, 2-21 Dak Dam

- 246 Olive-backed sunbird, *Nectarinia jugularis*, widespread
- 247 Purple sunbird, *N. asiatica*, common Tmatboey, Veal Krous
- 248 Crimson sunbird, *Aethopyga siparaja*, 2, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 249 Black-throated sunbird, *A. saturata*, 1, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 250 Little spiderhunter, *Arachnothera longirostra*, 1, 2-19 & 22 Seima
- 251 Streaked spiderhunter, *A. magna*, 1, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 252 Thick-billed flowerpecker, *Dicaeum agile*, 2, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 253 Yellow-vented flowerpecker, *D. chrysorrheum*, 1, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 254 Plain flowerpecker, *D. concolor*, 1, 2-20 Seima; 2, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 255 Scarlet-backed flowerpecker, *D. cruentatum*, widespread
- 256 Fire-breasted firepecker, *D. ignipectus*, 2, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 257 Blue-winged leafbird, *Chloropsis cochinchinensis*, 2, 2-17 Okoki; 1, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 258 Golden-fronted leafbird, *C. aurifrons*, up to 8 daily Tmatboey; 1, 2-18 Veal Krous; 1, 2-20 Seima; 1, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 259 Asian fairy bluebird, *Irena puella*, 4, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 260 Streaked weaver, *Ploceus manyar*, 150, 2-22 Kratie
- 261 Baya weaver, *P. philippinus*, 150, 2-12 ATT; 37, 2-22 Kratie
- 262 Asian golden weaver, *P. hypoxanthus*, 7, 2-22 Kratie
- 263 Red avadavat, *Amandava amandava*, 35, 2-18 Krous Krom
- 264 White-rumped munia, *Lonchura striata*, 20, 2-20 Seima; #, 2-22 Kratie
- 265 Scaly-breasted munia, *L. punctulata*, 2, 2-12 ATT; #, 2-19, Krous Krom; #, 2-23, Wat Prahout
- 266 House sparrow, *Passer domesticus*, 1, 2-12 ATT; P, 2-18 Krous Krom ; P, 2-22 Kratie
- 267 Plain-backed sparrow, *P. flaveolus*, 4, 2-12 ATT
- 268 Eurasian tree sparrow, *P. montanus*, widespread
- 269 White wagtail, *Motacilla alba*, 1, 2-10 Ankor
- 270 Mekong wagtail, *M. samveasnae*, 2, 2-23; 2, 3-12 Kampi
- 271 Eastern yellow wagtail, *M. tschutschensis*, 2, 2-12 ATT; 10+, 2-18 Krous Krom; 6, 2-23 Wat Prahout
- 272 Paddyfield pipit, *Anthus rufulus*, #, 2-12 ATT; 14, 2-18 Krous Krom; P, 2-22 Kratie; 2, 2-23 Wat Prahout
- 273 Olive-backed pipit, *A. hodgsoni*, 5, 2-15 Tmatboey; 2, 2-17 Okoki; 5, 2-18 Veal Krous; 6, 2-22 Dak Dam
- 274 Red-throated pipit, *A. cervinus*, 10, 2-12 ATT; 4, 2-18 Krous Krom
- 275 Yellow-breasted bunting, *Emberiza aureola*, 2, 2-19 Krous Krom; 2, 2-23 Wat Prahout
- 276 Chestnut-eared bunting, *E. fucata*, 1, 2-12 ATT; 1, 2-23 Wat Prahout; 1, 3-11 Prolay
- 277 Neglected nuthatch, *Sitta neglecta*, 1, 3-5 Tmatboey
- 278 Velvet-fronted nuthatch, *S. frontalis*, 2, 2-16 Tmatboey
- 279 Chestnut-tailed starling, *S. malabaricus*, 8, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 280 White-shouldered starling, *S. sinensis*, 75, 2-12 ATT
- 281 Asian pied starling, *S. contra*, 5, 2-12 ATT; 2, 2-18 Krous Krom
- 282 Black-collared starling, *S. nigricollis*, widespread

- 283 Vinous-breasted myna, *Acridotheres burmannicus*, 6, 2-17 Veal Krous; common, Seima
- 284 Common myna, *A. tristis*, widespread
- 285 White-vented myna, *A. grandis*, widespread in Tonle Sap basin
- 286 Golden-crested myna, *Ampeliceps coronatus*, 2 pairs, 2-20 Seima
- 287 Common hill myna, *Gracula religiosa*, 7, 2-10 Ankor; 3 pairs, 2-20 Seima
- 288 Siberian rubythroat, *Luscinia calliope*, 1, 2-13 Prolay
- 289 Bluethroat, *L. svecica*, 5, 2-12 ATT; 1, 2-19 Krous Krom; 1, 2-22, Kratie; 1, 2-23 Wat Prahout
- 290 Siberian blue robin, *L. cyane*, 1, 2-17 Okoki, 1, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 291 Blue rock thrush, *Monticola solitarius*, 2, 2-10 Ankor; 1, 2-20 & 2-22 Seima
- 292 Eastern stonechat, *Saxicola maurus*, widespread
- 293 Pied bushchat, *S. caprata*, widespread
- 294 Hainan blue flycatcher, *Cyornis hainanus*, 3, 2-10 Ankor; 1, 2-16 Tmatboey; 2, 2-17 Okoki
- 295 Tickell's blue flycatcher, *C. tickelliae*, 1, 2-20 Seima; pair, 3-5 Tmatboey; 1, 3-15 Seima
- 296 Verditer flycatcher, *Eumyias thalassina*, 1, 2-10 Ankor; 2, 2-14, Tmatboey; 2, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 297 Taiga flycatcher, *Ficedula albicilla*, max of 4 daily at Ankor, Tmatboey, Okoki, Kratie
- 298 Asian brown flycatcher, *Muscicapa dauurica*, max of 2 daily at Ankor, Tmatboey, Seima, Kratie
- 299 Oriental magpie robin, *Copsychus saularis*, widespread
- 300 White-rumped shama, *C. malabaricus*, 1, 2-19, Seima; voice heard at all forested sites
- 301 Grey-headed canary flycatcher, *Culicicapa ceylonensis*, 4, 2-17 Okoki; 3, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 302 Australasian bushlark, *Miafra javanica*, 1, 2-13 Prolay
- 303 Indochinese bushlark, *M. marionae*, common at Tmatboey, Veal Krous
- 304 Oriental skylark, *Alauda gulgula*, 1, 2-12 ATT; 4, 2-13 Prolay
- 305 Black-headed bulbul, *Pycnonotus atriceps*, 2, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 306 Black-crested bulbul, *P. melanicterus*, #, 2-20-23 Seima; 6, 2-22 Dak Dam; voice, Tmatboey, Okoki
- 307 Red-whiskered bulbul, *P. jocosus*, common, 2-22 Dak Dam
- 308 Sooty-headed bulbul, *P. aurigaster*, common, Tmatboey, Okoki, Veal Krous, Dak Dam, Kratie
- 309 Stripe-throated bulbul, *P. finlaysoni*, widespread w a max of 8 at Seima
- 310 Yellow-vented bulbul, *P. goiavier*, 8, 2-12 ATT; few daily Tmatboey; 1, 2-20 Seima
- 311 Streak-eared bulbul, *P. blanfordi*, widespread
- 312 Puff-throated bulbul, *Alophoixus pallidus*, 3, 2-17 Okoki
- 313 Ochraceous bulbul, *A. ochraceus*, 2, 2-19; 3, 2-20 Seima
- 314 Ashy bulbul, *Hemixos flavala*, 5, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 315 Himalayan black bulbul, *Hypsipetes leucocephalus*, common, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 316 Grey-eyed bulbul, *Iole propinqua*, 1, 2-17 Okoki, 1,2-20 Seima, 2, 2-21 Dak Dam oft heard at these sites
- 317 Common sand martin, *Riparia riparia*, 4, 2-12 ATT; #, 2-18 Krous Krom; # 2-23 Wat Prahout
- 318 Grey-throated sand martin, *R. chinensis*, 2, 3-13, Kampi
- 319 Barn swallow, *Hirundo rustica*, widespread
- 320 Red-rumped swallow, *H. daurica*, common Tmatboey, Veal Krous, Dak Dam, Seima
- 321 Asian house martin, *Deichon dasypus*, 2, 2-21 Dak Dam

- 322 Yellow-bellied warbler, *Abroscopus superciliaris*, 3, 2-22 Seima
- 323 Grey-crowned tit, *Aegithalos annamensis*, 1, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 324 Dusky warbler, *Phylloscopus fuscatus*, widespread near water
- 325 Radde's warbler, *P. schwarzi*, 1, 2-15 Tmatboey; 1, 2-18 Krous Krom
- 326 Eastern crowned warbler, *P. coronatus*, 1, 2-17 Okoki
- 327 Sulphur-breasted warbler, *P. ricketti*, 1, 2-17 Okoki
- 328 Blyth's/White-tailed leaf-warbler type, *Phylloscopus* sp., 4, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 329 Pale-legged leaf-warbler, *P. tenellipes*, 1, 2-16 Tmatboey; 1, 2-20 Seima; voice, 2-10 Ankor
- 330 Two-barred warbler, *P. plumbeitarsus*, voice only, Ankor, Okoki, Seima
- 331 Yellow-browed warbler, *P. inornatus*, widespread
- 332 Arctic warbler, *P. borealis*, 1 2-21 Dak Dam
- 333 Plain-tailed warbler, *Seicercus soror*, 1, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 334 Black-browed parrotbill, *Psittiparus margaritae*, 2, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 335 Oriental white-eye, *Zosterops palpebrosus*, 4, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 336 Chestnut-flanked white-eye, *Z. erythropleurus*, 1, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 337 Black-browed/Mountain fulvetta, *Alcippe* sp., 4 groups, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 338 White-browed scimitar babbler, *Pomatorhinus schisticeps*, voice only, Seima, Dak Dam
- 339 Rufous-capped babbler, *Stachyridopsis ruficeps*, 2, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 340 Pin-striped tit-babbler, *Macronous gularis*, widespread
- 341 Grey-faced tit-babbler, *M. kelleyi*, 2 at nest, 2-20 Seima; 1, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 342 Chestnut-capped babbler, *Timalia pileata*, 1, 2-15 Tmatboey, 7, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 343 Puff-throated babbler, *Pellorneum ruficeps*, 2, 2-16 & 17 Tmatboey;
- 344 Scaly-crowned babbler, *Malacopteron cinereum*, group of 6, 2-17 Okoki
- 345 Abbott's babbler, *Malacocincla abbotti*, 1, 2-17 Okoki
- 346 White-cheeked laughingthrush, *Dryonastes vassali*, group of 48, 2-21 Dak Dam
- 347 White-crested laughingthrush, *Garrulax leucolophus*, 3, 2-16 Tmatboey; 4, 2-22 Seima
- 348 Lesser necklaced laughingthrush, *Garrulax monileger*, voice only, 2-16 Okoki
- 349 Black-browed reed-warbler, *Acrocephalus bistrigiceps*, 3, 2-11 Prek Toal; 1, 2-19 Krous Krom; 1, 2-23 Wat Prahout
- 350 Oriental reed-warbler, *A. orientalis*, 4, 2-18 Krous Krom; 2, 2-22 Kratie; 2, 2-23 Wat Prahout
- 351 Rusty-rumped warbler, *Locustella certhiola*, voice only 2-22 Kratie
- 352 Lanceolated warbler, *L. lanceolata*, 2, 2-19 Krous Krom; 1, 2-20 Seima; 2, 2-23 Wat Prahout
- 353 Striated grassbird, *Megalurus palustris*, 3, 2-18 Krous Krom; 1, 2-22 Kratie, 1, 2-23 Wat Prahout
- 354 Zitting Cisticola, *Cisticola juncidis*, #, 2-19 Krous Krom; #, 2-22 Kratie; #, 2-23 Wat Prahout
- 355 Bright-headed cisticola, *C. exilis*, voice only, 2-22 Kratie
- 356 Dark-necked tailorbird, *Orthotomus atrogularis*, widespread
- 357 Common tailorbird, *O. sutorius*, voice only, 3-13 along Mekong shore, Kampi
- 358 Rufescent prinia, *Prinia rufescens*, 2, 2-16 Tmatboey; 2, 2-22 Seima
- 359 Grey-breasted prinia, *P. hodgsonii*, 1, 2-15 Tmatboey
- 360 Yellow-bellied prinia, *P. flaviventris*, 1, 2-11 Prek Toal; 2, 2-19 Krous Krom; 1, 2-23 Kampi
- 361 Plain prinia, *P. inornata*, 1, 2-16 Tmatboey; 3, 2-19 Krous Krom; 4, 2-22 Kratie

362 Brown prinia, *P. polychroa*, 1, 2-16 Tmatboey; 1, 2-21 Dak Dam